

VIRTUAL
EDITION

possibilities

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5G Security – What it means for Service Providers and their customers

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GREYHOUND

Agenda

Introduction to 5G

- Network Evolution
- Current Challenges

Industry Use Cases

- Private Enterprise and Edge Networks

5G Security

- Common Technology Components

Who am I?



Shain Singh

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20+ years in carrier service providers and security

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Professional Memberships



Introduction to 5G

Cellular Network Evolution

INCREASING COMPLEXITY / NEW BUSINESS MODELS / NEW COMPETITIVE LANDSCAPE

1G: Mobile Voice

First generation of wireless telephone technology (mobile telecommunications)



1979

1991



2G: + Texting

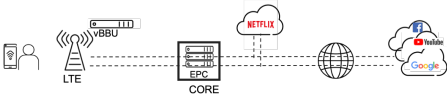
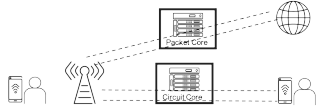
Commercially launched networks on the GSM standard

3G: + Internet

Use Cases include Voice, Video, Messaging. The Game Changer is the iPhone



2001



2010



4G: +Mass Video

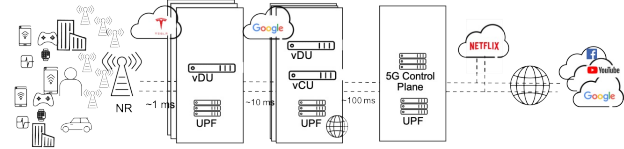
Use Cases include Voice, Video, Messaging, and Streaming. The Game changer application is Uber

5G: + Network as a Business Platform

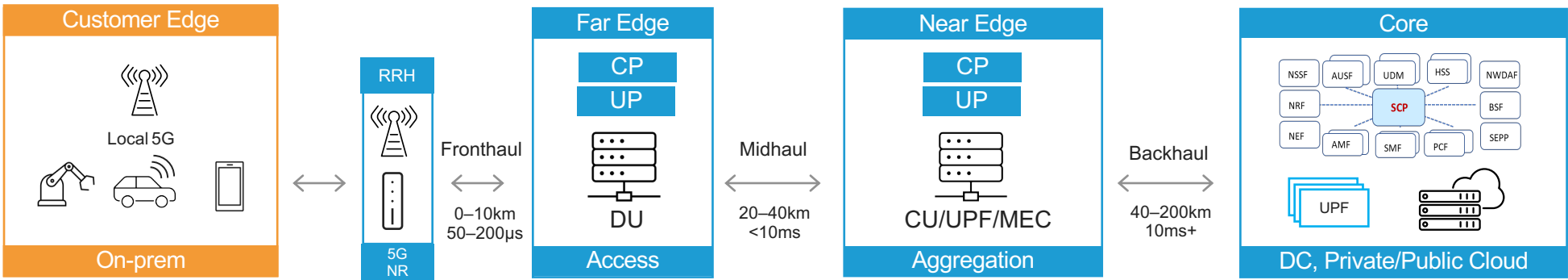
Use cases are categorized as eMBB, mMTC, uRLLC. The Game Changer is Automation



2020+



Consistent cloud-native operational model



Workload Type	<p>VNF CNF APP Bare metal</p>	<p>VNF CNF Bare metal</p>	<p>VNF CNF APP Bare metal</p>	<p>VNF CNF APP Bare metal</p>	Types of Workloads <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Container, VM, Bare metal • Stateless and Stateful Apps • Distributed Data Store for Stateful apps
OS Requirement	<p>RT Near RT Non RT</p>	<p>RT Near RT</p>	<p>Non RT</p>	<p>Non RT</p>	OS support <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • RTOS • Near RTOS • GPOS
Fleet Management	<p>APP APP OS</p>	<p>APP APP OS</p>	<p>APP APP OS</p>	<p>APP APP OS</p>	LCM via Fleet management <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Apps • Firmware, OS • ZTP, ZTO
Network Stack	<div style="border: 1px solid orange; padding: 5px;"> Requirements <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Nomadic Edge & Fixed Edge • Large variety of form factors, I/O, CPU/GPU/FPGA, Wi-Fi/LTE/5G, • Cost/Perf sensitive, COTS HW • IPv4 & IPv6 </div>	<div style="border: 1px solid blue; padding: 5px;"> Requirements <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • High performance network stack with Low Latency & High throughput • CPU pinning, NUMA aware scheduling, PCI passthrough, Guest TSC • SR-IOV, Multus, DPDK • GPU/FPGA Acceleration • RT/near-RT OS • IPv4 & IPv6 </div>	<div style="border: 1px solid blue; padding: 5px;"> Requirements <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Distributed resource allocation • Reliability and mobility • Hybrid cloud applications portability • Security and Data sovereignty • IPv4 & IPv6 • GPU/FPGA acceleration on MEC </div>	<div style="border: 1px solid blue; padding: 5px;"> Requirements <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Gi/N6 NF – CGNAT, Gi-FW, DDoS, Secure DNS cache, TCP & Video Optimization, WAF • CDN, Anti-fraud, Anti-bot • Service Mesh, K8s Ingress/Egress, API mgmt • LI, Analytics, Logging • IPv4 & IPv6 </div>	High Performance Network Stack

Who Owns the Infrastructure?

HURDLES TO OVERCOME IN ORGANISATIONAL CULTURE

Infrastructure / Platform Group

Goals: Consistent architecture across IT and 5G environments supporting multiple use cases

Networks / Mobility Group

Goals: Deployment of 5G components without too much focus on IT and enterprise applications

The Laws which Rule over Us



Moore's Law Computing power doubles every 18-24 months

Metcalf's Law Network becomes more useful the more devices are connected to it

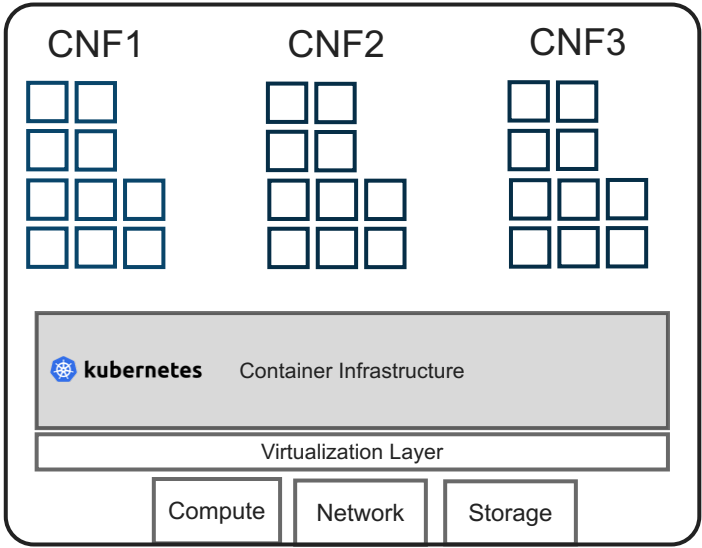
Conway's Law Organizations design systems which copy the organization

Brook's Law Adding more people to a late project makes it later

Goodhart's Law Making a target from a measure changes the measure

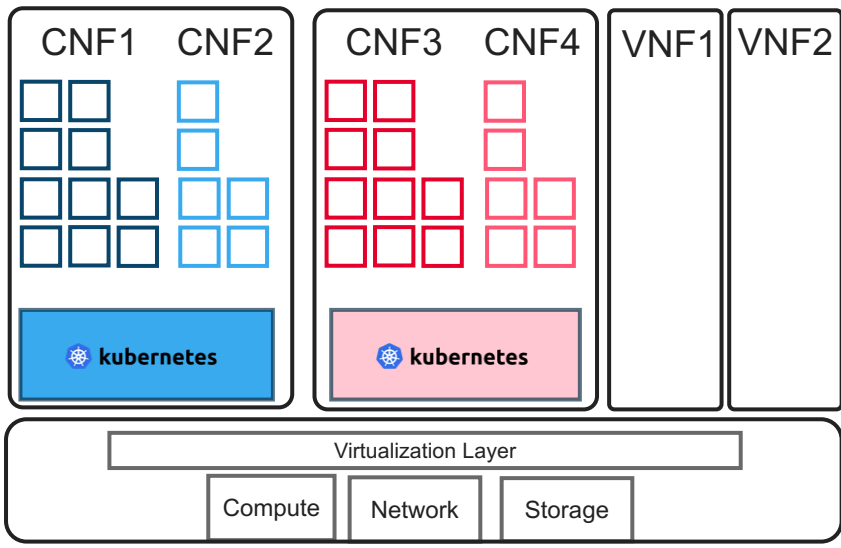
Infrastructure deployment strategies

COMMON DEPLOYMENT MODES



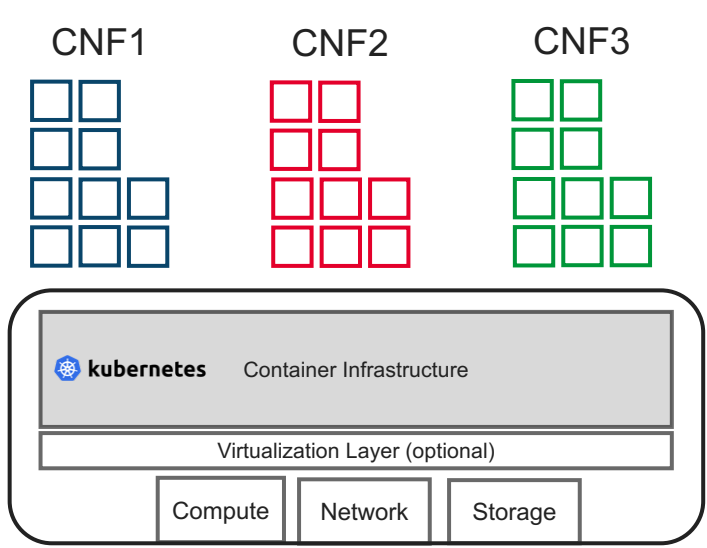
Mode 1

Everything provided by one vendor



Mode 2

Different (4G and) 5G Vendors bringing their container runtime layer



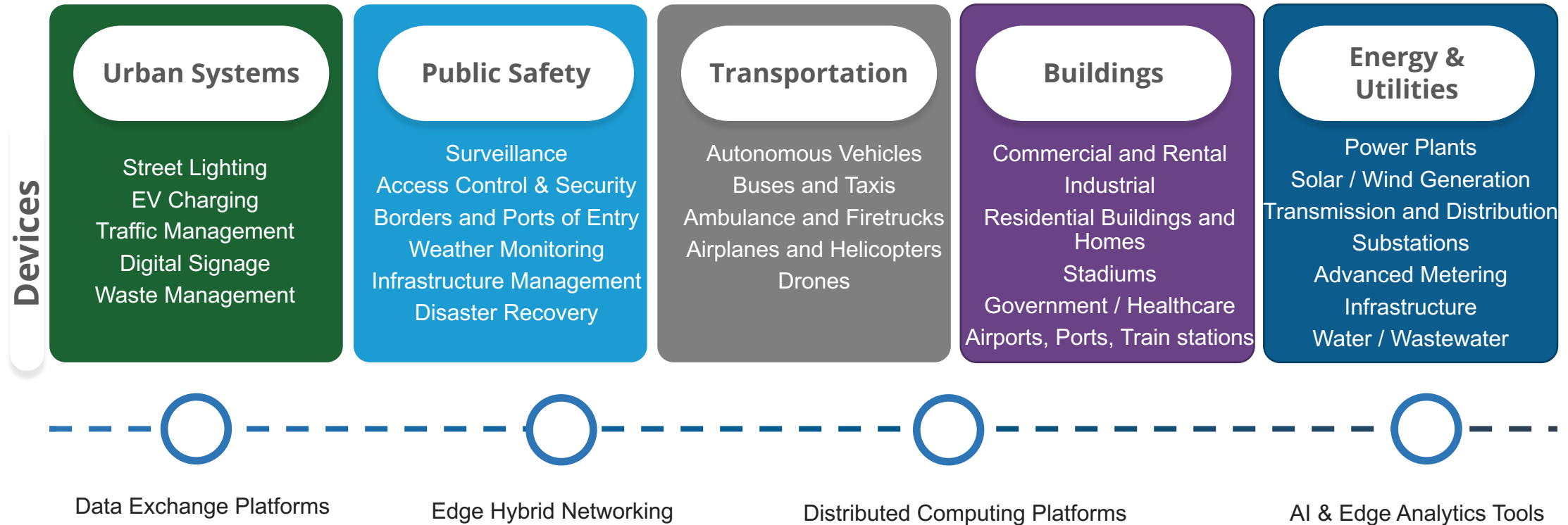
Mode 3

Separated Container infrastructure

Industry Use Cases

Vertical Industries are undergoing digital transformation

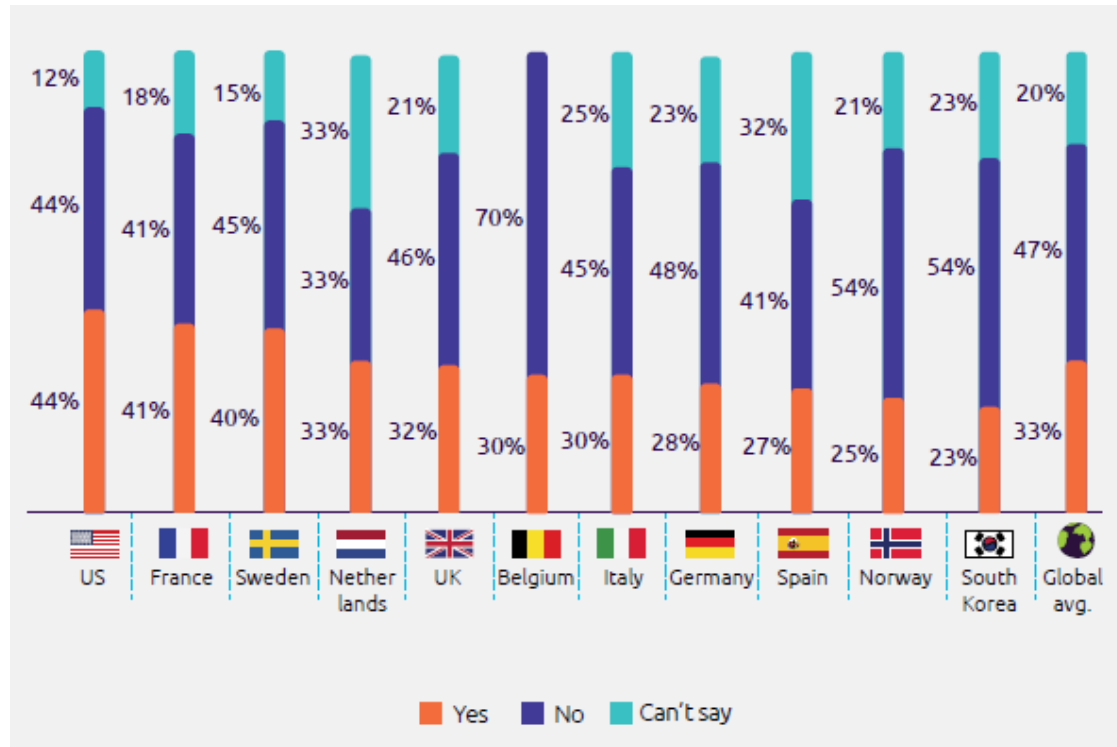
5G FOR ENTERPRISE SOLUTIONS – ENABLING A MULTI TENANT, MULTI CLOUD AND END-2-END NETWORK



Private 5G networks and the Edge

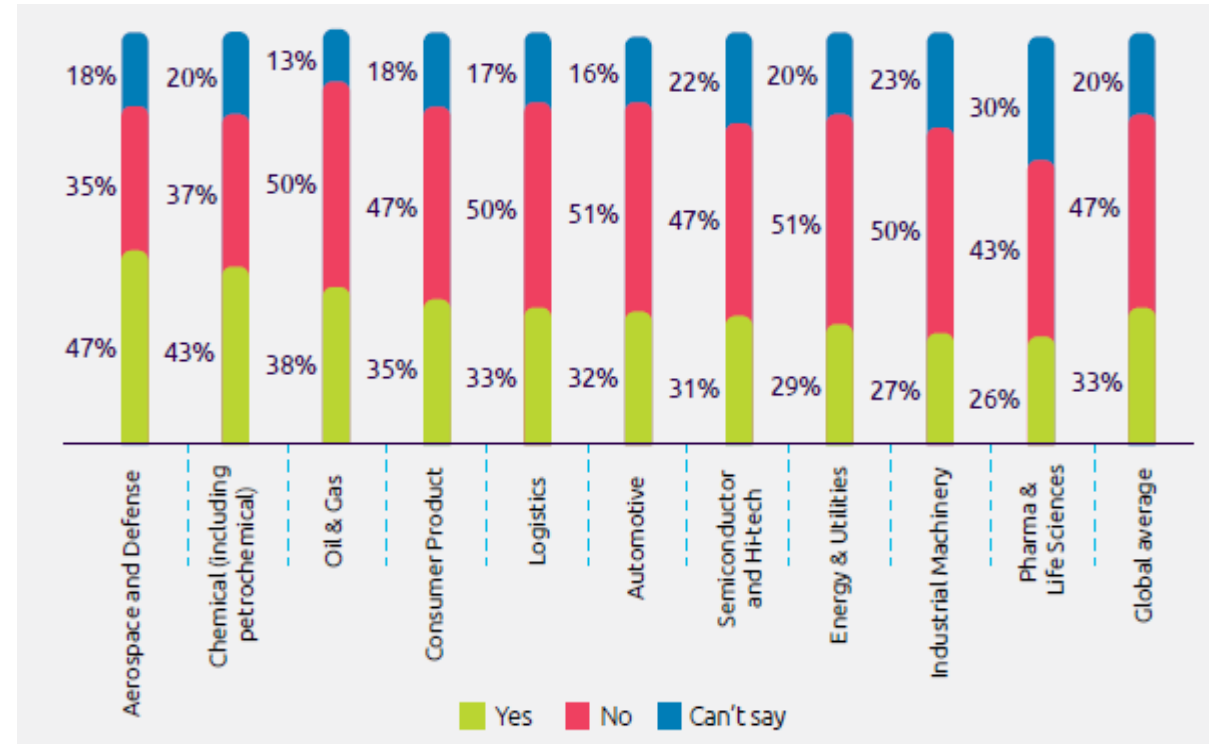
IS 5G A CATALYST FOR PRIVATE 5G ENTERPRISE?

Industrial companies keen on applying for 5G licenses



Source: Cap Gemini, Industrial Companies' Survey of 313 Companies Mar-Apr, 2019

Interest in applying for licenses by sub-sector

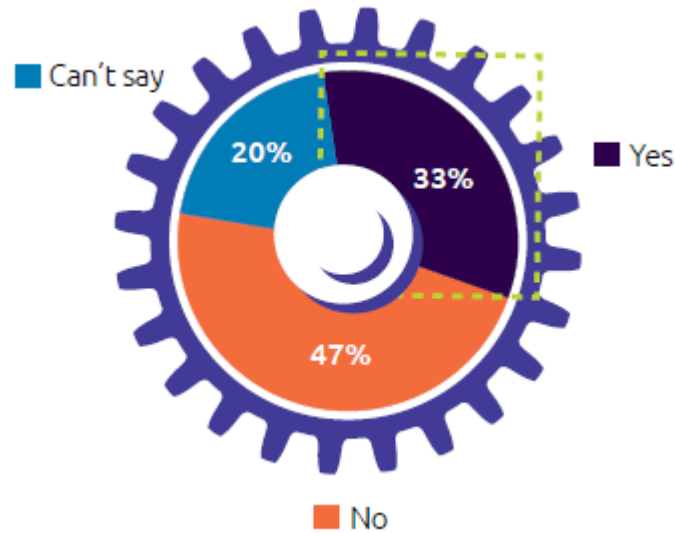


Source: Cap Gemini, Industrial Companies' Survey of 313 Companies Mar-Apr, 2019

Private Enterprise Networks

ONE THIRD OF LARGE ENTERPRISES WOULD CONSIDER THEIR OWN LICENSE

Has your organization applied for 5G license in your country of operation (or has it been considering to do so)?



Source: Cap Gemini, Industrial Companies' Survey of 313 Companies Mar-Apr, 2019

"We think having our own license is very beneficial because this gives us the freedom to either deploy the network alone or with a telecom operator"

- Gunther May, Head of Technology and Innovation, Business Unit Automation and Electrification, Bosch Rexroth AG



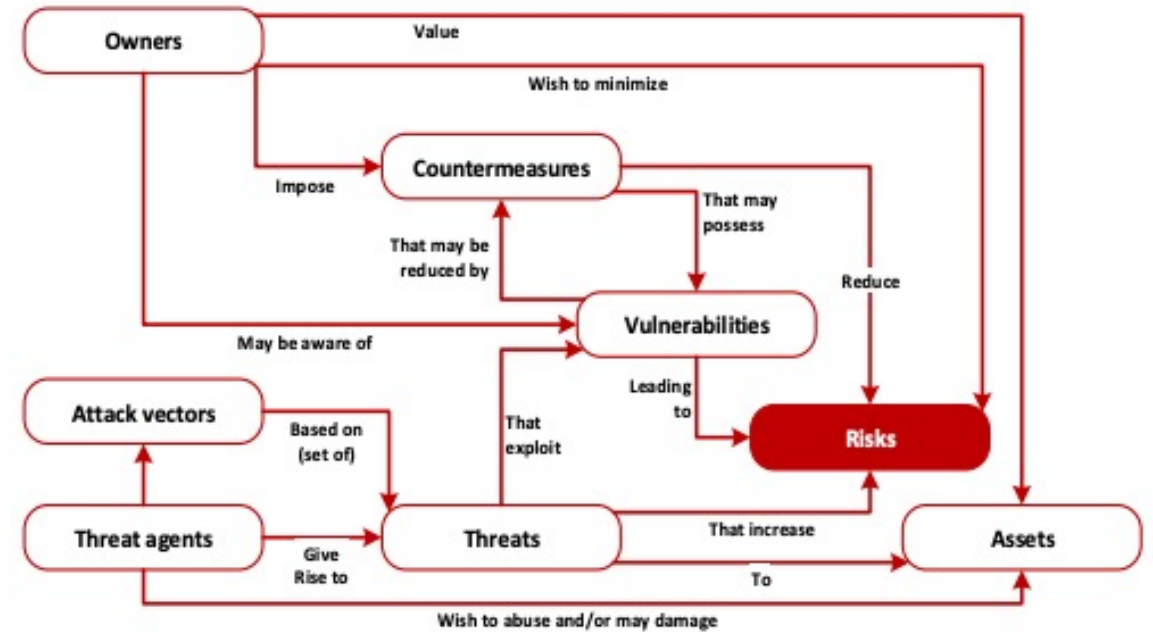
"We cannot wait for the network operators to be ready – we are in the midst of Industry 4.0"

- Spokeman for Siemens, one of the companies planning to bid for a local license in Germany

Security

Many moving parts for security

SECURITY OF 5G NETWORKS INVOLVES MORE THAN SECURITY COMPONENTS IN 5GC

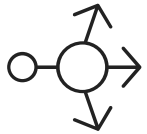


To better understand the cyber-threats affecting 5G Networks, it is essential to know the vulnerabilities and weaknesses of assets, assessing thus their attack surface and how it can be exploited by malicious actors.

<https://www.enisa.europa.eu/publications/enisa-threat-landscape-report-for-5g-networks>

Common Technology Components for 5G Security

5G IS A USE CASE OF MODERN APPLICATION DEPLOYMENT ENVIRONMENTS



Ingress Control

Scenarios:

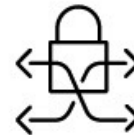
- Traffic Steering and Control to workloads
- AuthN/AuthZ for workloads
- Application Security and DDoS (flood protection aka signaling storm)



API Gateway

Scenarios:

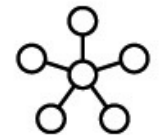
- Traffic Steering and Control to endpoints
- AuthN/AuthZ for endpoints
- Application Security and DDoS (automated threat/bot mitigation)



Service Mesh

Scenarios:

- Fine grained control between workloads (E-W and in-cluster traffic)
- Egress control to external services
- Workload visibility and analytics



CNF Security

Scenarios:

- Container-native security controls for common services typically found in carrier control plane (Gi/N6 services)

Ingress/Egress scenarios

Security

Encrypt/Decrypt

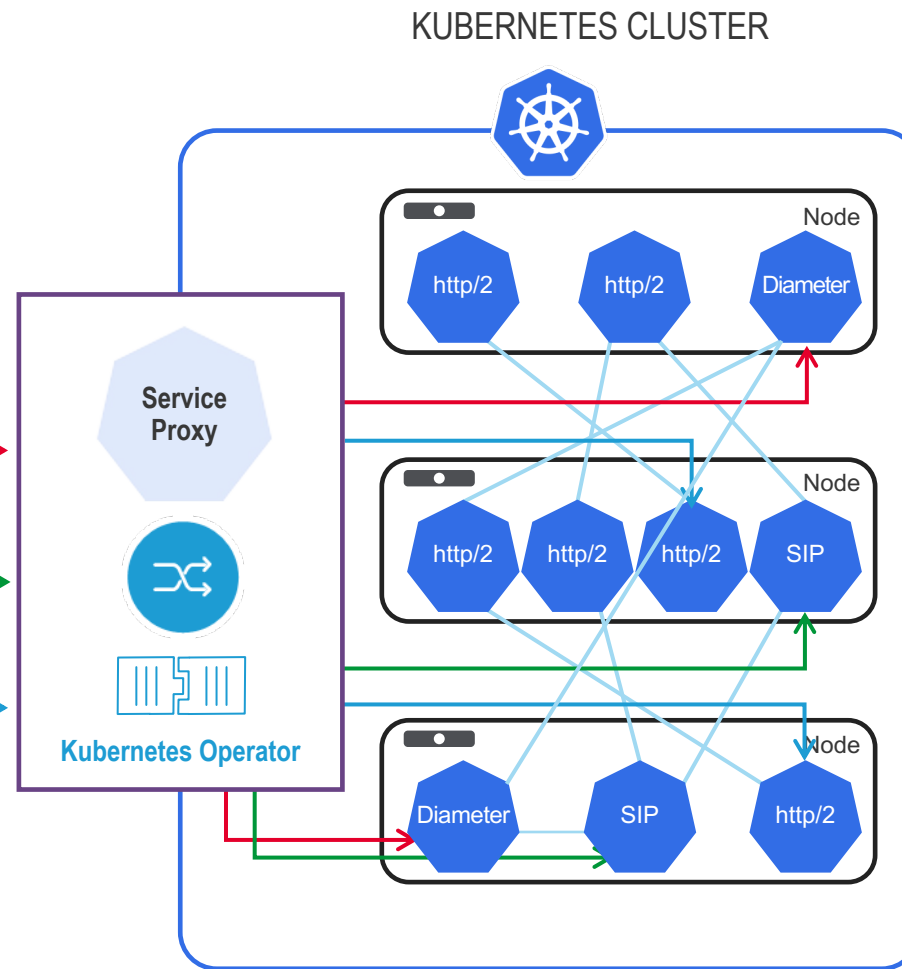
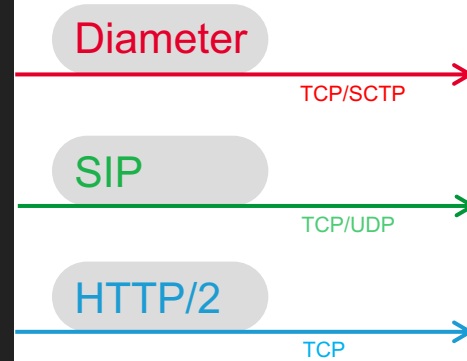
Traffic steering

Multi-protocol support

Multi-protocol *ingress*
as well as *egress*
controls are needed

Traffic control

- Routing
- Load balancing
- Rate limiting





Summarising it all

Key Takeaways

- 5G is more than an incremental evolution of carrier networks
- Infrastructure rollout heavily influenced by organisation culture
- Private 5G and Edge Networks is likely to increase over time
- 5G Security benefits from enterprise modern app learnings
- Container environments need scrutiny for enterprise app workloads